# The Law of the International Civil Service

Institutional Law and Practice in International Organisations

Gerhard Ullrich



Duncker & Humblot · Berlin

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#### **Preface**

In a world of increasing globalisation, sovereign states, as the classic actors in international relations, find themselves in growing need of transnational cooperation. More than ever, international organisations are important players in global governance and the interdependency of states. In coping with world issues such as climate change, financial stability, poverty, ageing populations and terrorism, the tasks of international organisations have taken on a new dimension. While the material tasks and fields of competence of international organisations range across all aspects of human life, the structures of the institutional law of international organisations have much in common. Indeed, international organisations face similar problems in the context of their institutional law and one international organisation will frequently rely extensively on the proven experience of others. This is especially true for the employment law of international organisations. When setting up their rules of employment, they do not re-invent the wheel but take inspiration from the civil service law of comparable existing organisations. This book categorises the various civil service rules of organisations into four schemes, it aims at contributing to a better understanding of the similarities and differences of the employment law of international organisations.

Since the first edition of this book in 2009, the law of the international civil service has undergone substantial changes.

The global financial crisis was not without repercussion for the financing of international organisations. As a result, most organisations have introduced moderation and exception clauses into their regular salary adjustment systems.

The increase in life expectancy is leading to a lengthening of the time during which pension benefits are being paid out. In parallel to national legislation, ever more organisations have shifted the right to an unreduced pension payment to a higher retirement age and reduced the yearly rates of acquired pension claims, or even replaced the defined benefit scheme by a defined contribution scheme.

In other fields of institutional law, like data protection, measures against corruption, whistle-blowing and harassment, there has been a flood of new rulings with an impact on the employment law of international organisations.

The first addition of this book was published in German in 2009. Many people have assisted me in the accomplishment of this book. I would like to repeat the acknowledgment of the previous edition of this book to my former colleagues. In order to achieve a wider circulation of this book it has been decided to publish this edition in English, the *lingua franca* of international organisations today.

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AAFI/AFICS Association of Former International Civil Servants – Geneva

ADR Alternative dispute resolution

AöR Archiv des öffentlichen Rechts (German Law Journal)

Art. Article

ASG Assistant Secretary-General of the UN

AT/EPO agreement Agreement between the EPO and the Republic of Austria concern-

ing the headquarters of the Vienna sub-office of the EPO of 2 July

1990, AT/BGBl. No. 263 of 6 November 1990, pp. 4071 et seq.

BGBl. Bundesgesetzblatt (German Federal Law Gazette)

CCFSR Community Charter of Fundamental Social Rights of Workers of 9

December 1989

CCISUA Co-ordinating Committee for International Staff Unions and Associ-

ations of the UN System

CCR Co-ordinating Committee on Remuneration
CERN European Organisation for Nuclear Research

CERN/ESO-PF Pension Fund of CERN and ESO

CFREU Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union

CJEU Court of Justice of the EU (before 1 December 2009 European

Court of Justice)

CJEU (CST) The European Civil Service Tribunal of the CJEU (until 1 Septem-

ber 2016)

CJEU (GC) The General Court of the CJEU (before 1 December 2009 Court of

First Instance)

CO co-ordinated organisations

CoE Council of Europe

CoE-GAPI General Agreement on Privileges and Immunities of the CoE CoE-NPS New Pension Scheme of the CoE (Appendix Vbis CoE-SR)

CoE-SR Staff Regulations of the CoE

CoE-TPS Third Pension Scheme of the CoE (Appendix Vter CoE-SR)

CVPO Community Plant Variety Office
DBPS Defined benefit pension scheme
DCPS Defined contribution pension scheme

DE/EPO agreement Headquarters Agreement between the EPO and the Government of

the Federal Republic of Germany of 19 October 1977, DE/BGBl. II

No. 17 of 4 April 1978, pp. 337 et seq.

doc. Document

EC European Communities ECB European Central Bank

ECB-SR Conditions of employment for staff of the ECB
ECGAB European Code of Good Administrative Behaviour

ECHR European Court of Human Rights

ECMWF European Centre for Medium Range Weather Forecast

EConHR European Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fun-

damental Freedom

EFTA European Free Trade Association

EGV Vertrag zur Gründung der Europäischen Gemeinschaft (TEC, Treaty

establishing the European Community)

EIB European Investment Bank
EIF European Investment Fund

EJIL European Journal of International Law
EMBL European Molecular Biology Laboratory

EP European Parliament

EPO European Patent Organisation EPO (Office) European Patent Office

EPO-Codex EPO documents on personnel/policy and personnel/operational mat-

ters published on the website of the EPO Administrative Council

since 30 September 2015

EPO-EPC European Patent Convention

EPO-PPI Protocol of Privileges and Immunities of the EPO

EPO-PRF Pension Reserve Fund of the EPO

EPO-PS Pension Scheme regulations and rules of the EPO

EPO-RFPSS Reserve Funds for Pensions and Social Security of the EPO

EPO-SR Service Regulations for permanent employees and the conditions of

employment of other employees of the EPO

EPPO European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Office

EPSO European Personnel Selection Office

ES European School
ESA European Space Agency
ESC European Social Charter

ESM European Stability Mechanism
ESMAT Administrative Tribunal of the ESM
ESO European Southern Observatory

et seq. and following pages
EU European Union

EU-CEOS Conditions of employment of other servants of the EU

EUIPO EU Intellectual Property Office

EU-PPI TEU Protocol No. 7 on the privileges and immunities of the EU

EU-PS Pension Scheme of the EU (Annex VIII of the EU-SR)

EUR-LEX Database of EU law

European Organisation for the Safety of Air Navigation

FAO Food and Agriculture Organization of the UN

footn. footnote

GRUR Int German Journal of Intellectual Property Law and Practice, interna-

tional part

IAEA International Atomic Energy Agency

IBRD International Bank for Reconstruction and Development

ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization

ICC International Criminal Court
ICJ International Court of Justice

ICSC International Civil Service Commission

ICSID International Centre for Settlement of Investment Disputes

IDA International Development Association

IFAD International Fund for Agricultural Development

IFC International Finance Corporation

IGO Intergovernmental IO

IIB International Patent Institute
ILC International Law Commission
ILO Internation Labour Organization
ILOAT Administrative tribunal of the ILO
IMF International Monetary Fund
IMFAT Administrative Tribunal of the IMF

INPADOC International Patent Documentation Centre

IO International Organisation(s)

IOLR International Organizations Law Review IOM International Organization for Migration

IPSAS International Public Service Accounting Standards

IPU Inter-Parliamentary Union ISA International Seabed Authority

ISR Internationale Steuer Rundschau (German international tax review)

ISRP/SIRP International Service for Remuneration and Pensions

ITLOS International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea
ITU International Telecommunication Union
JIU Joint Inspection Unit of the UN system

juris German legal database

LTC Long-term care

MIGA Multilateral Investment Guarantee Agency NATO-SR Civilian Personnel Regulations of NATO

NGO Non-governmental IO

NJW Neue Juristische Wochenschrift (German Law Journal)

NL/EPO agreement Agreement between the EPO and the Kingdom of the Netherlands

concerning the branch of the EPO at The Hague, NL, of 27 June

2006, NL Tractatenblad 2006, No. 155

OAJ Office of Administration of Justice of the UN

OASAT Administrative Tribunal of the Organization Of American States

(TRIBAD)

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

ÖGBl. Österreichisches Gesetzblatt (Austrian Law Gazette)

OJ Official Journal

OLA Office of Legal Affairs of the UN
OLAF European Anti-Fraud Office
Old UNAT UNAT before 31 December 2009

OPCW Organisation for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons
OSCE Organisation for Security and Co-operation in Europe
OSLA Office of Staff Legal Assistance of the UNDT/UNAT

p. page

para. paragraph(s)
PF Pension Fund

pp. pages

PPI Protocol on Privileges and Immunities
PS Pension Scheme (Pension Regulation)

R. Rule

Reg. Regulation(s)
SG Secretary-General

SR Staff Regulations (Staff Rules), Service Regulations
StBl. Bundessteuerblatt (German Federal Fiscal Tax Gazette)

SUEPO Staff Union of the EPO

TEC Treaty establishing the European Community

TEU Treaty on European Union

TFEU Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union

Triblex Database of the ILOAT

UDHR Universal Declaration of Human Rights

UN United Nations

UNAT Administrative Tribunal of the UN
UNBISNET UN Bibliographic Information System

UN-CPI Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the UN

UN-CS UN Common System

UNDP United Nations Development Programme
UNDPI UN Department of Public Information

UNDT Dispute Tribunal of the UN

UNECOSOC Economic and Social Council of the UN

UNESCO UN Educational Scientific and Cultural Organization

UNFPA United Nations Population Fund UNGA General Assembly of the UN

UNIDO UN Industrial Development Organization
UNJSPF United Nations Joint Staff Pension Fund

UNODC UN Office on Drugs and Crime

UNOPS United Nations Office for Project Services

UN-SG Secretary-General of the UN

UN-SR Staff Regulations and Rules of the UN UN-WTO UN World Tourism Organization

UPC Unified Patent Court

USG Under Secretary-General of the UN

v. versus, against

VCDR Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations
VCLT Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties

VCLT-IO Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties between States and Inter-

national Organizations (not yet in force)

WB World Bank

WBAT Administrative Tribunal of the WB

WHO World Health Organization

WIPO World Intellectual Property Organization
WMO World Meteorological Organization
YBIO Yearbook of International Organizations

ZaöRV Zeitschrift für ausländisches öffentliches Recht und Völkerrecht

(German Law Journal)

ZBR Zeitschrift für Beamtenrecht (German Journal for the Law of Offi-

cials)

#### Introduction

# A. The civil service law of international organisations – unity within diversity

The civil service law of public (intergovernmental) international organisations (IO) forms an integral part of the institutional law of IO and is within the sphere of public international law. The constituent instruments of IO are particular conventions by which each IO is endowed by its member states with a certain autonomy in order to ensure the unimpeded accomplishment of its tasks. The internal law of an IO is *particular* international public law since it is restricted in its effects to member states (Ipsen, p. 198: Given the different tasks of the IO one cannot speak of a self-contained law of IO). This is also the reason why the civil service law of IO does not constitute a uniform system of law applicable to all IO but, in principle, only refers to a specific IO. Nevertheless, the legal literature consistently refrains from using the plural form of the word "law" in the context of a description of the employment law of IO (e.g. Amerasinghe, The law; Schermers/Blokker; de Cooker). The use of the singular form shows that the law of the international civil service is a legal sphere in which largely uniform legal principles and similar structures and elements prevail justifying a coherent presentation.

In comparison with the other areas of institutional law of IO such as financing, general administration, internal legal order (Schermers/Blokker § 26 distinguish a total number of eleven areas of the institutional rules of IO) the employment law of IO is of enhanced coherence. A major reason for this lies in the jurisprudence of the international administrative tribunals. In constant case law the tribunals use the general legal principles common to member states and the principles enshrined in the international conventions and declarations on fundamental and human rights as a necessary complement to the service regulations (SR) of all IO. These general principles govern the employment relationship of all IO as a supreme value system (see, for example ILOAT Judgment 1118 para. 10: An IO "must at all times, and more particularly when amending the conditions of service, abide by those general principles").

This common set of rights which is laid down in only a fragmentary manner in the SR of IO supplements the SR as a kind of "shadow constitution". It provides the necessary judicial yardstick for the interpretation, gap filling and legal checks of the employment law of IO. The insular nature of the SR of an IO is thereby partly removed and the SR of IO are focused on common legal principles.

32 Introduction

But even the structure and the elements of the SR of each IO show more converging than separating elements. Despite all the diversity of tasks IO are confronted with identical or similar problems in the field of their employment relationships.

Newly established IO do not reinvent their own SR but resort to existing and proven SR of functionally comparable IO.

During the operational phase of IO there is an ongoing exchange of experiences between the human resources and legal departments of IO. This often leads to an alignment of the SR. If there are new developments in the law of the international civil service, e.g. in the areas of data protection, social security systems (long-term care) or protection of dignity (harassment) the provisions drafted by one organisation are often used as a template by others.

Despite all the diversity in the SR of IO it, therefore, does seem justified to speak of a certain uniformity in this area (Schermers/Blokker, subtitle and § 22 et seq: "Unity within diversity"). The growing uniformity of the law of the international civil service is, however, not to be understood as goal, unlike e.g. the motto on the Great Seal of the United States: "e pluribis unum" (out of many, one), but as a working hypothesis for a comparative study of the law of the international civil service.

#### **B.** Objectives

This book does not intend to supplement the series of monographs and commentaries on the SR of individual IO or of a group of IO. It intends to provide a general overview of the law of the international civil service, to disclose the substantial content of the SR and refer to their similarities and differences. Another purpose is the analysis of the general legal principles applicable to the law of the international civil service, notably derived from the case law of the international administrative tribunals. Given the multitude of IO a grouping of the IO in accordance with the similarities of their employment relationship is inevitable. For this purpose the law of the international civil service is subdivided into four civil service systems which show some degree of similarity in the structure and the elements of their SR.

For the purpose of this book the term SR is used in its broader sense, i.e. it also includes, in addition to the SR for active officials also the pension schemes (PS) and tertiary employment law (directives, circulars etc.).

#### Part 1

#### **Basic elements**

#### Chapter 1

#### The international organisations

#### A. The legal nature of international organisations

The establishment of IO is based on the realisation that certain goals cannot be achieved by individual states on their own but only in cooperation with others. IO serve the purpose of achieving political, scientific, technical, humanitarian, social and economic objectives which exceed the national resources and opportunities (a good overview of the various objectives pursued by IO can be found in Seidl-Hohenveldern/Loibl § 2101 to § 4001).

The member states of an IO endow their organisation with the necessary legal status and functional sovereignty *sui generis* (Schermers/Blokker § 209; Seidl-Hohenveldern/Loibl § 0107) in order to achieve their common objectives.

In order to accomplish these tasks IO have legal personality in international law and in the national law of their member states. The status of legal personality was not expressly attributed to IO until some 40 years ago. The legal status was, however, derived by implication from the need to exercise its powers properly (see Schermers/Blokker § 1565 et seq. concerning the UN; but see Art. 5(1) and 5(2) EPO-EPC and Art. 47 TEU; Art. 335 TFEU).

The question of whether the individual organs, subsidiary organs, institutions or other bodies of an IO have their own legal personality in international and national law cannot be answered in general terms but only according to its constituent instruments (see Schermers/Blokker § 1571).

On the basis of their international legal personality, which is functionally limited and determined by their tasks (Schermers/Blokker § 1570), IO may enter into bilateral agreements with member states (see, for example, the headquarters agreements) and codify their entire internal legal system as particular international law (Seidl-Hohenveldern/Loibl para. 1513).

In national law, IO generally enjoy the most extensive legal capacity accorded to legal persons under the national law of each member state in order to act within the national legal order (e.g. rent buildings, buy equipment etc., Schermers/Blok-