

VIOLENCE AND GREAT ESTATES IN THE SOUTH OF ITALY

Apulia, 1900-1922

Until Italian unification, vast areas of Apulia were an uninhabited sheep walk. In the late nineteenth century this frontier area was settled and agro-business established. In the quasi-colonial context of the South of Italy, the relations between landowners and farm workers were characterized by extreme forms of oppression and brutality.

This book is a study of the world the landlords made and of the harsh structures of profit, tenure, and climate they faced. It is also a powerful investigation of the appallingly grim conditions in the teeming agricultural centres of the region and a vivid history of the struggle by the farm workers to win the ordinary decencies of life – clothes, clean water, and bread. In the process, the labourers established one of the most potent revolutionary movements in modern Italian history. Since this movement was anarcho-syndicalist in orientation, the work seeks to explain the social bases of syndicalism in the period between the first general strikes in 1901 and the restoration of the landlords' power by fascist terror in 1922.

The book also confronts broader issues – the nature of the liberal state in Italy, the stunted development of the South, the weakness of the Catholic Church in the area, the working of latifundism as a labour repressive system of production, and the nature of fascism in general and in Apulia in particular.



To the memory of my friend Leo Leva

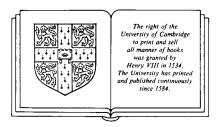


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CONTENTS

	List of Illustrations	page	V11
	Preface		ix
	Glossary of Italian terms		x
	Introduction		1
1	Wheat and sheep		5
2	Day labour		17
3	Grapes		35
4	The company town		41
5	Seeds of rebellion		62
6	Revolutionary syndicalism		87
7	Work discipline		118
8	The Great War		150
9	The closed shop		158
10	Fascism		175
	Notes and sources		203
	Index		241



ILLUSTRATIONS

1	Apulia at the period covered in this book. page	0
2	Count Giuseppe Pavoncelli (1836–1910).	12
3	View of the Tavoliere, 1903.	18
4	The Tavoliere, ca. 1900: Harvesters at work under	
	the surveillance of mounted estate guards.	36
5	Cerignola, 1900: A team of workers spraying	
	the vineyards.	42
6	Cerignola, ca. 1900: A street in the workers' quarters	
	of the city.	46
7	Cerignola, ca. 1900: A street in the worker's quarters	
	of the city.	58
8	Cerignola, ca. 1900: A family of farm workers in	
	front of their dwelling.	63
9	Cerignola, 1910: The central estate buildings of the	
	masseria "I Pavoni" of the Pavoncelli family.	76
10	Cerignola, 1900: Sanctuary of the Madonna di	
	Ripalta. The crowd accompanying the icon of the	
	patron saint to the shrine.	88
	Cerignola, ca. 1890: Grape crushing.	101
12	Cerignola, 1900: The Pavoncelli family palace,	
	built in 1880.	119
13	Cerignola, 1900: Underground grain silos in the	
	Piano S. Rocco in the city.	137
14	The Tavoliere, 1900: A team of labourers at rest	
	during the work of gleaning after the harvest.	151

vii



viii

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Frank M. Snowden
Frontmatter
More information

15	The Tavoliere, 1900: Gathering in the wheat after	
	the harvest.	159
16	Cerignola, 1900: Wells for the supply of water for	
	the city.	176
17	Ascoli Satriano, Foggia province, 1900: A flock of	
	"Merinos" sheep at the masseria S. Carlo.	201

Illustrations

Note: Except for the map of Apulia, all these illustrations have been reproduced from originals in the Archivio Privato Pavoncelli at Cerignola by the courtesy of Count Pavoncelli.



PREFACE

The research for this book was made possible by the help of many people, and I am glad to have this opportunity to thank them. Dr De Lucia of the Soprintendenza Archivistica of Apulia was an invaluable source of information concerning the archives in the region. Franco De Felice and Luigi Massella also helped me to find source material. The staff of the Archivi di Stato at Bari and Foggia, and of the Archivio Comunale at Gravina, made every effort to assist me in locating documents. I am also grateful to Count Pavoncelli for his permission to consult the papers in the private Pavoncelli archive at Cerignola and for his generous hospitality. Family papers are all too rarely made available to scholars in Italy, and I have been very fortunate in being granted access to this extensive and valuable source.

Intellectual and moral support were also forthcoming from friends and colleagues. My thanks are extended especially to the following colleagues: Penelope Corfield, who read an early draft of the work and provided helpful suggestions; Francis Robinson and G.N. Sanderson, who gave enthusiasm and encouragement; and Jonathan Steinberg, at whose seminar the idea for this work began. The book was written with the constant interest and loving support of my wife, Smitty.

Finally, all research has financial foundations, and this project is no exception. Travel to archives in Italy was made possible by grants from the British Academy and the Central Research Fund of London University. My thanks to both of these institutions.



GLOSSARY OF ITALIAN TERMS

annarolo A worker hired on a yearly basis by an

estate.

carabinieri Military police responsible for law and

order.

curatolo A hired estate manager.

demani Common lands held in collective ownership.

fascio A local branch of the fascist movement.

giornataro Day labourer in agriculture. latifondista Proprietor of a great estate.

marina The coastal zones of the region.

massaro The commercial farmer leasing a large

estate.

masseria A farm. The term refers to the large units of

cultivation into which a great estate is

subdivided.

mazziere Hired strike-breaker and hit man.

mezzadria Sharecropping.

Mezzogiorno The South of Italy.

opere pie Catholic beneficent associations.

tratturo A sheep highway across the Tavoliere.

ufficio di

collocamento Labour exchange and hiring hall.

usi civici Collective rights of usage such as pasturage,

tillage, fishing and gleaning.

versura Neapolitan unit of measure roughly equal to

1.25 hectares.