Preface

The 5th International Conference on Spatial Information Theory, COSIT 2001, took place at the Inn at Morro Bay, California, USA, grew out of a series of September 19-23, 2001. COSIT workshops/NATO Advanced Study Institutes/NSF Specialist Meetings during the 1990s concerned with theoretical and applied aspects of particularly large-scale space, geographic representing or environmental space (this history is elaborated in the prefaces of previous COSIT proceedings). These are spaces in which (and on which) human action takes place, and which are represented and processed in digital geographic information systems. In these early meetings, the need for well-founded theories of spatial information representation and processing was identified, particularly theories based on cognition and on computation. This concern for theory provided an early foundation for the newly emerging field of geographic information science.

COSIT is not backed by any particular scientific society but is organized as an independent enterprise. The conference series was established in 1993 as an interdisciplinary biennial European conference on the representation and processing of large-scale spatial information after a successful international conference on the topic had been organized by Andrew Frank et al. in Pisa in 1992 (frequently referred to as "COSIT 0"). After two successful European COSIT conferences with strong North American participation (COSIT '93: Island of Elba, Italy; COSIT '95: Semmering, Austria), COSIT '97 moved across the pond to the United States, and was held in the Laurel Highlands, Pennsylvania. COSIT '99 returned to Europe, being held in Stade, Germany. The 2001 site of Morro Bay, on the central coast of California, continued the COSIT tradition of holding the conference at somewhat remote but accessible sites. The participants stay together for the full period of the meeting to promote intensive interactions without distractions.

The aim of COSIT is to bring together researchers from different disciplines for an intensive scientific exchange. This aim is facilitated by the presentation and discussion of a restricted number of papers in a single-track meeting format to ensure that all conference participants can get involved in the discussions of the papers. As has been typical, COSIT 2001 had about 100 participants, including university professors, university and industry researchers, and students (including doctoral candidates). COSIT is very *multi*disciplinary, and as it has evolved, has become increasingly *inter*disciplinary, with researchers increasingly sharing methods and concepts across disciplines. COSIT attracts a great variety of disciplines. The most strongly represented have been different specializations within geography, computer science, and psychology, but contributions have also come from anthropology, architecture, biology, cartography, design, earth science, economics, engineering, history, law, linguistics, mathematics, philosophy, planning, and surveying and geodesy. This pattern occurred again in 2001. The continued vitality of the COSIT program in the future will be signaled by increasing disciplinary diversity and increasing disciplinary integration.

The conference program was determined by thorough peerreview of over 70 submitted full manuscripts by an international and interdisciplinary Scientific Committee. The reviews of the Scientific Committee were managed and evaluated by members of a Program Committee; in borderline cases, their judgments were in turn subjected to criteria of relevance, innovation, accessibility, and intellectual diversity by the Program Committee Chair. This interactive and timeconsuming process was intended to equitably identify the highest quality scientific contributions, effectively communicated, that would provide a balanced and spirited intellectual basis for the meeting that took place. Undoubtedly this process led to the rejection of worthy contributions and perhaps the expression of implicit biases of the COSIT community. As Chair of the Program Committee, I take final responsibility for these unfortunate shortcomings.

To kick the conference off, a two-day workshop on Spatial Vagueness, Uncertainty, and Granularity took place at the Inn at Morro Bay on September 17-18. Organized by Matteo Cristani and Brandon Bennett, the workshop featured a series of papers on various aspects of this very important topic in geographic information science. COSIT proper started with a day of state-of-the-art tutorials on September 19. The tutorials were intended to help bridge boundaries between different disciplines involved in the conference. Tony Cohen presented "Qualitative Spatial Representations and Reasoning"; Mary Czerwinski and George Robertson presented "Navigating Information Spaces"; Jonathan Raper presented "Everything You Wanted to Know About GIS, But Were Afraid to Ask!"; and Jack Loomis and Andrew Beall

presented "Virtual Reality as a Research Tool for Studying Spatial Cognition". The second to fourth days of the conference were dedicated to the formal presentations and discussions of the research papers, including one invited Keynote Address by an eminent scientist each morning. On the fifth and final day, the "Doctoral Colloquium" was held. This was a forum for doctoral students to present and discuss their research with one another and with experienced research advisors. The goal of the colloquium was to give students experience presenting research in a public forum, and to give them feedback on their research and presentations. It also provided an opportunity for students and faculty to share insights on how to do a Ph.D. in an interdisciplinary field.

Science is a social process too. The exchange of ideas and cementing of collaborations do not occur just in formal sessions. At COSIT 2001, these social activities included coffee breaks and lunches, a welcoming reception on the 19th, "birds-of-a-feather" dinner on the 20th, an afternoon expedition to Hearst Castle in San Simeon on the 21st, and a banquet that evening. The organizers hope that other occasions during the five days were found suitable for the social intercourse that plays such an important yet informal role in the advance of knowledge.

I thank all members of the program, scientific, and organizing committees for making the meeting and this volume a success. Thanks also to the tutorial presenters for four stimulating and popular tutorials. The continued support of Springer-Verlag is gratefully acknowledged. The staff and setting of the Inn at Morro Bay made for an appealing week. The generosity of our sponsors is also appreciated. Finally, the core of any such enterprise is the participants and contributors. Their effort and enthusiasm made this worthwhile for me.

July 2001

Daniel R. Montello

Program Committee

Daniel R. Montello, University of California at Santa Barbara, USA (chair) Anthony Cohn, University of Leeds, UK Michel Denis, Université de Paris-Sud, France Max Egenhofer, University of Maine, USA Andrew Frank, Technical University of Vienna, Austria Christian Freksa, University of Hamburg, Germany Mary Hegarty, University of California at Santa Barbara, USA Steve Hirtle, University of Pittsburgh, USA Werner Kuhn, University of Münster, Germany David Mark, State University of New York at Buffalo, USA Barbara Tversky, Stanford University, USA

Scientific Committee

Dave Abel. Australia Jochen Albrecht, USA Gary L. Allen, USA Michael Almeida, USA Kate Beard, USA Brandon Bennett, UK Tom Bittner, USA Mark Blades, UK Melissa Bowerman. The Netherlands Barbara Buttenfield, USA Roberto Casati, France Keith Clarke, USA Eliseo Clementini, Italy Helen Couclelis. USA Leila De Floriani, Italy Andreas Dieberger, USA Jack Du Bois, USA Geoffrey Edwards, Canada Gregory Elmes, USA Susan Epstein, USA Martin Erwig, USA Carola Eschenbach, Germany Boi Faltings, Switzerland Jerome Feldman, USA Fred Fonseca, USA Scott M. Freundschuh, USA Alinda Friedman, Canada Mark Gahegan, USA Antony Galton, UK Janice Glasgow, Canada Christopher Gold, Canada Reginald Golledge, USA Suchi Gopal, USA Nicola Guarino, Italy Christopher Habel, Germany Daniel Hernández, Germany John R. Herring, USA Don Heth. Canada Kathleen Hornsby, USA Christian S. Jensen, Denmark Marinos Kavouras, Greece Rob Kitchin, Ireland Roberta Klatzky, USA Markus Knauff, Germany Benjamin Kuipers, USA

Scientific Committee (continued)

Steve Levinson. The Netherlands Gerard Ligozat, France Jack Loomis, USA Paola Magillo, Italy Claudio Masolo, Italy Robert McMaster, USA Harvey Miller, USA Reinhard Moratz, Germany N. Hari Narayanan, USA Nora Newcombe, USA Dimitris Papadias, Greece Eric Pederson, USA Juval Portugali, Israel Ian Pratt-Hartmann, UK Jonathan Raper, UK Tony Richardson, USA John Rieser, USA Thomas Röfer, Germany Christoph Schlieder, Germany Markus Schneider, Germany

Michel Scholl. France Priti Shah. USA Jayant Sharma, USA Barry Smith, USA John Stell, UK Erik Stubkjær, Denmark Holly Taylor, USA Frank Tendick, USA Sabine Timpf, Switzerland Nectaria Tryfona, Greece Andrew Turk, Australia David Uttal, USA Achille Varzi, USA Laure Vieu, France Rob Weibel, Switzerland Karl F. Wender, Germany Steffen Werner, USA Michael Worboys, UK Wai-Kiang Yeap, New Zealand Benjamin Zhan, USA

Organizing Committee

Daniel R. Montello (chair) Mary Hegarty Reginald Golledge Sarah Battersby (administrator) David Waller (tutorials) Anthony Richardson (doctoral colloquium) Mark Probert (computer systems)

Sponsors

College of Letters & Science, UCSB College of Engineering, UCSB Division of Mathematical, Life & Physical Sciences, UCSB Graduate Division, UCSB Environmental Systems Research Institute (ESRI)